conduct of Texas that we were not much sooner in war than we were.

Mr. Benton remarked that he had said in closed doors last year that if there was but one man in Mexico, and he not bigger than Tom Thumb, he would fight. That blood which was a compound of Roman or Celtic would not brook oppression. He said this in closed doors and he repeated it now. The Senator from South Carolina had gone one step further and was even ready to agree to pay ten millions to prevent a war which he had brought on.

Cicero had said that if Antony had not taken his flight from Rome, there would have been no civil war with Rome. So the Senator's sending a flying Messenger to Mexico upon the fatal night of the annexation of Texas, was the cause of the war with Moxico, for the pre-existing causes of which the Senater from South Carolina was responsible. Antony was responsible for the war with Rome, and Lord North responsible for the war of England with the United States, so was the Senator from South Carolina responsible for the war with Mexico. Mr. Benton reiterated this over and over again, and in the most offensive form. Mr. Calhoun's "masterly inactivity," particularly in his plan of defence, proposing five regiments for the defence of the boundary between the United States and Mexico, would be, according to Mr. B., our defeat in the end, and our banishment from Mexico as certain as the Moors were banished by Spain.

Mr. Calhoun said that one thing was shown by the bold speech of the Senator from Missouri, and that was that the war with Mexico was an unpopular war, and being so it would soon be put to rest .-Hitherto, many Senators and many persons, and not a year since the organ of the President said that the Executive had secured annexation. It was now admitted, and it was with pride and pleasure that he heard it, that the annexation of Texas was his own act, as it certainly was. He had seized the golden opportunity and communicated

Mr. C. said he had heard two days ago that an elaborate attack was to be made upon him and he came here expecting to hear it, and with it something like an argument; but of all empty and inconclusive arguments, this was the most narrow and incoherent he had ever heard from that Senator. He could even thank him for such an attack, confident as he was, that such an assault would result in his own elevation and in the relative depression of the Senator.

Mr. Calhoun expressed himself amazed at the attack of the Senator, but he could not be surprised that he had brought forward such old and stale charges.- Every one of these charges had been urged two years since and were then repelled by him.

Mr. Calhoun proceeded to a somewhat elaborate defence of the treaty of 1819, the course he had taken upon the question of annexation of Texas, his defence of that course, and a somewhat protracted argument in defence of the opinion entertained by him that no war was necessary.

Mr. C. believed that the war could have been avoided even after the battles of May last, by ordering a provisional army to be raised for the protection of our territory. By this merns we could have secured the invading war.

Mr. Cathoun spoke briefly, with great point and terseness, and closed by remarking that as the charges were light and stale he would not further reply to them.

Mr. Benton said a word or two only in rejoinder, and the Senate, on motion of Mr. Davis, who has the floor for to-morrow, went into Executive session and soon after adjourned.

THE ISSUE-THE "WILMOT" PROVISO.

As passed by the House of Rep. U. S. " Provided further, That there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in any territory on the continent of Ameri-ca, which shall hereafter be acquired by, or annexed to the United States by virtue of this appropriation, or in any other manner whatever, except for crimes whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

THE VIRGINIA RESOLUTIONS. As passed by the House of Delegates

Whereas, A bill appropriating money to Republic of Mexico, has passed the House Torrejon is a attached thereto:

" Resolved, That as an express and fundamental condition to the acquisition of any territory from the Republic of Mexico by the United States, by virtue of any treaty which may be negotiated between them, and the use by the Executive of the mo neys herein appropriated, neither slavery nor involuntary servitude shall ever exist in any part of said territory, except for crime, whereof the party shall be first duly convicted." And this General Assembly deeming it to be destructive of the Constitution of the United States, and an attack on the dearest rights of the South, as well as a dangerous and alarming usurpation by the Faderal Government.

round himself. It was owing to the good by destroying the internal organization of of Acajete. He served during the camthe sovereignties who created it.

2. Resolved, unanimously, That under no circumstances will this body recognize as binding any enactment of the Federal Government which has for its object the prohibition of slavery in any territory to be acquired either by conquest or treaty; holding it to be the natural and indefeasible right of each and every citizen of each and every State of the Confederacy, to reside with his property, of what every description, in any territory which may be acquired by the arms of the United States, or yielded by treaty with any foreign power.

3. Resolved unanimously, That this General Assembly holds it to be the duty of every section of this confederacy, if the Union is dear to him, to oppose the passage of any law, for whatever purpose, by which territory to be acquired may be subject to such a restriction.

4. Resolved, unanimously, That the passage of the above mentioned proviso makes it the duty of every slaveholding State, and all they value their dearest privileges, their sovereignty, their independence, to take firm, united and concerted action in this emergency.

MR. CALHOUN'S RESOLUTIONS. Submitted in the Senate U. S.

Resolved, That the territories of the United States belong to the several States composing this Union, and are held by them as their joint and common property.

Resolved, That Congress, as the joint gent and representative of the States of this Union, has no right to make any law, or do any act whatever, that shall directly, or by its effects, make any discrimination between the States of this Union, by which any of them shall be deprived of its full and equal right in any territory of the United States, acquired or to be acquired.

Resolved. That the enactment of any law which should directly, or by its effects, deprive the citizens of any of the States of this Union from emigrating with their property into any of the territories of the United States, will make sech discrimination, and, would, therefore, be a violation of the constitution, and the rights of the States from which such citizens emigrated, and in derogation of that perfect equality which belongs to them as members of this Union, and would tend directly to subvert the Union itself.

Resolved, That, as a fundamental princiole in our political creed, that a people in forming a constitution have the unconditional right to form and adopt the government which they may think best calculated to secure their liberty, prosperity and happiness; and that in conformity thereto, no other condition is imposed by the Federal Constitution on a State in order to be admitted into the Union, except that its Constitution shall be strictly republican: and that the imposition of any other by Congress would not only be in violation of the Constitution, but in direct conflict with the principle on which our political system rests.

MEXICAN CAVALRY OFFICERS.—Cortazar is a member of one of the first families in the Department of Guanajuato-a family that has always taken a leading part in the affairs of Mexico. He received the rank he now holds in 1841-being then the Governor of Guanajuato. In the year just mentioned, Santa Anna pronounced against the Rio Grande and been saved the expense of President Bustamente, who, doubting the loyalty of Cortagar, sent him the General's sash as an inducement to be faithful. But the present had not the desired effect, or rather, so some say, it arrived at Guanajuato a day or two too late.

Cortazar is a good cavalry officer, but inferior to the other three Mexican Generals whose names are mentioned.

And foremost among them is Guzman. There is scarcely a cavalry officer in the Mexican army who has seen more service than he has. It was in 1839, or in 1840, that Guzman received the rank of general of brigade, which was not the reward of political intrigue or tergiversation. It was won by hard fighting. In the department of Morelia he maintained for hearly three years, and with but little assistance from the Government, a harrassing war with the federalists, defeated them in several engagements, and finally compelled them to sue for peace. More than one act of daring has been attributed to this officer. It is said that during an emeute he galloped towards a gun which the artillery-man had deserted, and for a few moments alone kept the in-

Torrejon is a mestizo, or half breed, and of Representatives of the Congress of the like most mestizos, is by no means distin-United States, with the tollowing Proviso guished for personal beauty. Like Guerrero and other Mexican officers, who have had a large admixture of Indian blood in their veins, Torrejon is very cunning. In laying traps for an adversary, he is remarkably expert, and, as will be remembered, it was he who surrounded and took prisoners Capt. Thornton's command of forty

Gen. Josee Marie Minion is, in most respects, the most opposite, of Torrejon. Both are men of courage, but there is something chivalric in the courage of Minion—nothing in that of Torrejon. Torrejon rarely attacks an enemy, except by means of an ambuscade. Minion would almost scorn to vanquish an enemy in that way. They to vanquish an enemy in that way. They are as unlike in person as they are in mind. Minion has a fine figure and expressive features. He is a great favorite in the Mexican army, who like him for his chivalrick contage, and style him the "Murat of Maxico." He is now forty-six or forty-orght years of age, or in the prime of life. He was notice (lensral of Brigade in 1898, latting disrippuished himself at the builte.

paign 1836, but was not present at the battle of San Jacinto. When conversing with Englishmen or Americans, he descants in the highest terms upon the valor displayed by the Texans throughout the campaign in question. Amongst the instances of that valor, which he relates as having come under his own observation, is the following:

During a skirmish, Minion saw a Texan pursued by five Mexican foot soldiers. The Texan finding his pursuers gaining upon him, turned suddenly round, and shot the foremost Mexican dead. Then, clubbing his rifle, he withstood the assault of the others. Two of them he struck dead, but in this he broke his rifle, and at that moment, the remaining Mexican stabbed him in the back and killed him.

The above is a brief account of the four best cavalry officers in Mexico.

N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.

Position of Parties in the U. States SENATE.—Since the "balance of power party" has sprung up in the Senate, it is curious to know the position of the various parties which will be represented in the next Senate. Of six members yet to be elected, two from Alabama and Texas will probably be Administration men; four from Georgia, Tennessee and Iowa doubtful.-There are twenty-one Whigs elected already, Calhoun men six, Democrats (including Alabama and Texas) twentyeight, doubtful, four

To obtain a clear majority in the next Senate, the Administration must secure the Senators to be elected from Alabama and Texas, and two of the four to be chosen in Tennessee, Georgia, and Iowa. Possibly two Democrats may be added from Wiscon-

sin. The probabilities now are (if Dixon H. Lewis, whose term expires on the 3rd of March next, is re-elected, or some other Calhoun man is chosen in his place in Alabama,) that the Calhoun men will hold the balance in the next Senate as they do at present in that body.—Phil. Ledg.

Forty-one vessels, chiefly freighted with oreadstuffs for Great Britain, have been lost at sea since October. The N. York Commercial Advertiser ascribes this to overloading and bad storage.

The money value of the crops lost, potatoes and oats, in Ireland, was estimated at £15,000,000, or nearly seventy-five millions of dollars.

More Volunteers .- The Newport Daily News says:—A married woman in Fall River, fifteen years old, had a pair of twin boys last week. The father is seventeen years old! They are all doing well.

HYMENIAL.

MARRIED, on Thursday the twentyfifth inst., Mr. JAMES Y. SITTON, of Pendleton, to Miss HARRIET L. DAVIS of this District.

On Thursday evening the 25t of this ult. Mr. R. B. McADAMS, dissolved his copartnership with the Bachelors and joined himself in nuptial ties with Miss ELIZA ANN HALL, eldest daughter of Robert O. Hall, all of this District, solemnized by Rev. A. Rice. COMMUNICATED.

Obituary.

sidence of her husband Mr. Thomas J. Douglass, Mrs. MATILDA DILWITH DOUGLASS, in the 34th year of her age. She was for ten years a member of the Methodist Church.

CANDIDATES,

For Tax Collector.

The Friends of JOSEPH S. D. WETH-ERALL, announce him as a Candidate for TAX COLLECTOR, at the ensuing elec-

The friends of the Rev. JAS. MOORE respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector at the ensuing

The Friends of W S. HARRIS, announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office F-TAX COLLECTOR, at the ensuing

We are authorised to announce JOHN CUNNINGHAM, as a candidate for TAX COLLECTOR, at the next election. The friends of EZEKIEL TRIBLE

announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector at the ensuing election. We are authorized to announce T. T. CUNNINGHAM as a candidate for Tax Collector at the ensuing election.

\$20 Reward.

Lost on the road leading from Alexander Hunter Esq.. to Samuel Hill's, a POCKET BOOK, containing ONE HUNDRED AND TEN DOLLARS, and some cents, also sundry accounts. Any person finding said book and money and returning them to me, shall receive the above reward.

Feb. 24. 52 tf M. W. LOMINICK.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of John Glascow deceased.

All persons indebted to the Estate of John Glascow dec'd, are requested to make imme diste payment; and, these having demands, will present them properly attested, by the first of March, as it is desirons that the Estate should be estiled by that time.

Feb. 17. 51 tm R. A. MARTIN, Ex'er,

Abbeville C. H., Feb. 27, 1847, 14 MILLIAM HILL,

Caps, Bonnels Groceries, Gre. Ge. ware-Saddlery, Boots and Shoes, Hats. the Villago, and respectfully solicit a share of public partonage. Their stock embraces

Dry Goods, Hardmare, Crockery and Class sell as cheap at least as the other Stores in They flatter themselves, that they are enabled to purpose of selling goods at Abbeville C. H., at the lower end of Mrs. Allen's Hotel.

The undersigned have associated themselves together, ander the Firm of HILL & ALLEN, for the The undersigned have ass

And Cheap Goods. NEW STORE

DISSOLUTION. The Copartnership heretofore existing of Mc-BRYDE & POSEY, is this day dissolved by its own limitation. Those indebted will make payment to either of the subscribers at the old stand

JOHN McBRYDE, ADDISON F. POSEY Abbeville C. H., March 1, 1847.

The business will be continued by the undergned (at the old stand) who solicit the patronage o liberally bestowed on the late Firm. JOHN McBRYDE.

BENJAMIN V. POSEY. Abbeville C. H., March 1, 1847.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ? Columbia, Feb. 17th, 1847.

His Excellency the Governor having left Columbia for his residence at Limestone Springs, all commu-nications should be addressed to him at the latter place. B. T. WATTS, Executive Secty. Feb. 3, 1847.

Citation.

Whereas, A. J. Weems, applies to me for Letters of Administration on the Estate of Agnes E. Paul deceased: These are therefore to cite the kindred and creditors of the dec'd, to appear before me on the 12th day of March 1847, (Friday) at Abbeville C. H., to show cause why said Administration should not be granted.—Given under my hand 26th Feb. 1847.

DAVID LESLY, Ordinary.

1 1w

The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT-John Lipford, vs. Ann Lipford and others.

-Partition in Ordinary. It aspearing to my satisfaction, by the Petition of John Lipford, that James Lipford, Jackson Lindsey and wife Mary, two of the Defendants in this case, reside without the limits of this State: Ordered that they do appear and object to the division or the Real Estate of Ldward Lipford dec'd, on or before the 20th day of May 1847, or their consent to the same will be entered of Record.

Feb. 20, 1847. 1 3m D. LESLY, Ord'y. The State of South Carolina.

ABBEVILLE DISTRICT. J. W. H. Johnson and wife, vs. T. R. Puckett .- Partition in Ordinary.

It appearing to my satisfaction, by affadavit, that W. W. Pucket, R. S. Pucket, and Thomas Abercrombe, and children of Mary Abercrombe dec'd, Parties Defendents in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the Real Estate of Thomas Long dec'd, on or before the division, the 20th day of May 1847, or their consent to the same will be entered of Record. Feb. 20, 1847. 1 3m D. LESLY, Ord'y.

The State of South Carolina ABBEVILLE DISTRICT.

Jesse Reagin, vs. Catherin Reagin and others.—Partition in Ordinary.
It appearing that Nicholas Reagin, one of the De-

ints in this case, resides without the limite of this State: It is ordered that he do appear and ob-ject to the sale or division of the Real Estate of Young Reagin dec'd, on or before the 20th day of May 1847, or his consent to the same will be entered of Record. DAVID LESLY, Ordinary.
Feb. 20th, 1847. 13m

The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT.

Notice To the Creditors and Heirs of Richmond Harris. deceased.

All persons having demands against the Estate will present them to D. Lesly, Administrator of said Estate as Derelict, on or before the 20th May 1847, at which time said Estate will be apportioned, and closed: And as the personal Estate is insufficient to pay the debts-and the following heirs and legatees reside without the limits of this State, viz: Frances E Harris, Agnes S Hunter, Uriah R. Harris, Louisa I. Heard, and A J Harrisand the creditors have petitioned for the proceeds of real Estate, to pay debts. It is therefore ordered, that the said absentees do appear and show cause, why the proceeds of the real Estate of said Richmond Harris deceased, should not be so applied, on or before the 20th of May 1847, otherwise, their consent as confessed, will be entered of record Feb. 20, 1847. 1 3m D. LESLY, Ord'y.

The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT, In the Court of Ordinary.

Sarah J. A. Wheaton, vs. Thomas Simmons and others. - Application of Creditors, for proceeds of Real Estate, to be paid to Administrator for payment of debts, on insufficiency of personal Estate. It appearing to my satisfaction, that Thomas Simmons, Frances Simmons and Anna Simmons a minor, parties Defendants, reside without the limits of this State: It is there-

without the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered that they do appear and show cause within the time, viz, 20th May, 1847, why the proceeds of the Real Estate of Amelia Simmons dec'd, sold in Ordinery for Partition, should not be applied to the payment of debta by the Administrator on deficit of personal Estate—their consent as confessed, will be entered of record.

Feb 20. 13m D. LESLY, Ord'y.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Wm. Alexander deceased.
Satisf is hereby given to the Graditors.
Selfore of the Estate of Wm. Alexan

The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT.

H. H. Towns applicant, vs. J. W. Prather and others .- Partition in Ordinar It appearing to my satisfaction that Elijah Roberts, one of the Defendants in this case, resides beyond the limits of the State, It is therefore ordered that he do appearand object to the division or sale of the Real Estate of Betsy Roberts dec'd, on or before the 20th dey of May 1847, c. his consent to the same will be entered of record. D. LESLY, Ord'y.

52 2w The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT.

In the Court of Ordinary, Smallwood Witts, vs. Franklin Witts and

others .- Partition in Ordinary. It appearing to my satisfaction that, Lucinda Weatherford, Susan McClure, Wm Witts, Thomas Witts, Williamson Witts, and William Jones and Mary his wife, parties Defendants reside without the limits of the State. It is therefore ordered, that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the real Estate of Stephen Witts dc'd, on or before the 20th of May 1847, or their consent to the

same will be entered of record.
Feb 3 1 3m D. LESLY, Ord'y.

Citation.

Whereas, W W Belcher, applies to me for letters of Administration on the Estate of Philip Zimmerman dec'd. These are therefore to cite the kindred and creditors of the dec'd to appear before me on the 3d Monday of March 1847, to show cause why said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 1st March 1847.

March 3 1 2t D. LESLY, Ord'y.

Dr. C. H. KINGSMORE,

Having made arrangements to locate in the Village of Due West, would respectfully offer his services as Physician, to the citizens of the Village and adjacent country.-Office at Mr. A K Pattons. Due West, Feb. 16.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Elihu Baird deceased. The creditors of Elihu Baird dec'd, will take notice, that I will proceed to settle up the Estate on the third Monday in May next, and the creditors will present all their demands on or before that time, as the Estate will be insolvent, and only pay a part. On that day it will be apportioned before the Ordinary

of Abbeville District.
Feb 10 518t JOHN BASKIN, Adm'r.

Mastodon Cotton Seed. The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Abbeville and the adjoining Districts, that he has ordered a lot of MASTO-DON COTTON SEED, from Holmes County Mississippi, which he warrants to be GENUINE, which can be obtained from Dra James F. Griffin of Hainburg at two dollars per bushel by the sack (which contains ten bushels,) or at White & Wier's Store, at Abbeville C. H., at three dollars per bushel by

N. B. Persons making engagements herefollower will be supplied at the price above.

Feb 15, 5I 4t THOMAS B. BYRD.

Notice to Tax Payers. I Will attend the undernamed times and places for the purpose of collecting Taxes for 1846:

" Abbeville C. H., Monday, Tucaday, Smithville, Deadfall, Wednesday, Stony Point, Thursday, " Gillam's, Friday, 5th Cambridge, Saturday, 6th " Greenwood, Tuesday, " White Hall, Thursday, 11th " Cothran's Friday, 12th " Cedar Springs, " A. C. H., (Court) Saturday, 13th Monday, 15th Tuesday, 16th Wednesday, 17th Thursday, 18th Monday, 22rd Wednesday, 24th " John Bradley's,

" Wm H McCaws, "Drake's old Field, Friday, 26th Greenwood, Saturday, 27th At Abbeville C. H., again on Monday, sale day the 5th April, which will be the last day for making returns. All persons failing to make Returns on or before that day, will be Lawfully liable to pay double Tax. All Taxes must be paid at least, by the first Monday in May, or Executions will be issued.

All Taxable property must be returned in the name, of the proper owner. Guardians, Executors, and Administrators, will take notice to return all Taxable property under their control. And all persons who may have transferred taxable property between the first of October 1846, and the first of October 1846, are required to make the same known to me, Jan 3 49 tf W.S. HARRIS, T. C. Friday, 26th Saturday, 27th " Drake's old Field,

The Young Jack at the following playes, viz:

At Robt, C Richey's, commencing on Monaday the 8th of March. At Joseph byon's an Wedgesday, the feath, and at Francis Clinic scales' on Friday twelfth, and visit the seasonevery minth day, (sondays excepted) through every minth day, (sondays excepted) through out the season, which will end the fraked June next, and be let to March at Three Indians the single Visit, four Dollars the Season and six Dollars Insurance. Twenty if occuping the Groom in all cases. Any person putting by the leap, and the March of seasoning may fall into the season of terminance, and of be charged for the leap. The test on a season money, will be considered does at the explicit into of the season; the insurance, as soon in the seasoning trading of the first before it is seasoning the form. DON JUAN, will stand this Spring Sesson

otrologic Dinabertari